TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

The Regicide Conspiracy Against Napoleon---Its Means, Developments and Consequences.

Artisan Riot Near Paris and Conflict of the Troops and Workingmen.

Italian Aid to French Radicalism.

BRITISH INDUSTRY AND REFORM.

Native Rebellion Against Russia on the Shores of the Caspian. -

THE WINNIPEG REVOLUTION.

Lynch Law in Montana Territory.

FRANCE.

The Regicide Conspiracy.

Arrests of persons accused of complicity in the lot against the life of the Emperor continue to be made. Several houses in the Quartier Latin were searched by the police yesterday.

The "Infernal" Machines-Ingenuity Perverted.

PARIS, May 3, 1870. The explosive machines designed to be used against the Emperor, which were recently seized at the houses of the conspirators here by the police authorities, are described by the morning journals. They resembled quoits. The ring was divided into several small chambers, each of which con-

tained a vial of nitrate of potash. Percussion caps were ingeniously fitted, slightly raised from the sur-face so that in falling upon any hard substance the machine was nearly certain to explode. A ring was attached to the periphery to aid in throwing the

PARIS, May 3, 1870.
The maker of the bombs seized by the police explains that they were ordered for America and it was represented that they were to be used as wheels for patent velocipedes. Imperial Severity.

PARIS, May 3, 1870. La France of to-day says in view of the plot just discovered, there is but a slight probability of amnesty for the forty-two persons now in custody.

A Garibaldi Soldier Implicated.

PARIS, May 3, 1870. The police are searching for M. Ballot, who they say is implicated in the conspiracy. Ballot was an officer of Garibaldi and is a warm friend of Gustave

Citizen Votes Abroad M. Banneville sends from Rome to the Foreign Office here a demand from the French bishops and

their attendants in that city that their votes be accepted in favor of the plebiscite. Garibaldi to the French Army.

Paris, May 3, 1870.

The Rappel publishes a manifesto from Garibaldi to the French army calling on the soldiers to raise the flag of revolution.

Serious Rlot at St. Quentin-Workingmen in

Conflict with the Military.
PARIS, May 3-8 P. M. A serious riot occurred yesterday at St. Quentin, caused by the arrest of a member of the International Society.

Two thousand workmgmen attacked the National Guard and gendarmes stationed around the prison to which the man had been taken. The guards held

The Prefect, the Commanding General and the Procureur came to their relief with a detachment of regular troops, when the mob was dispersed and

which they thanked the troops and the National Guard for causing the laws to be respected.

Electoral Discussion.

Paris, May 3, 1870.
The last of the public meetings to discuss the proposed reforms were held yesterday. There was some disorder but no violence, The soldiers were present at many of the meetings.

The Government Policy.

PARIS, May 3, 1870.
The Journal Officiel denounces the tactics of the revolutionary journals in seeking to make their feaders believe that there has been no conspiracy, and declares it the duty of the government to warn the public against the effect of such electoral tricks. The Journal adds:-This conspiracy is a part of that of last winter, the investigation into which has been so protracted.
When the examinations are terminated, and they soon will be, the public will know all and be able to appreciate the danger in which the country has

in which he assures the editor that the government will not fall into a policy of reaction, though obliged hopes this frank answer will dissipate the fears ex-pressed by the Montleur.

Parliamentary Progress.

LONDON, May 3, 1870. The House of Lords to-day passed the Irish Bank-

rupt bill to a second reading.

Lord Northbrook moved that the bill making reforms in the War Office be read a second time, and explained the circumstances of its passage in the House of Commons. The Earl of Richmond severely criticised the bill.

Earl Grey lamented its failure to arrange the chaos in the War Department.

The motion for a second reading was agreed to. and the House adjourned.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Forster, in answer

to an inquiry, stated that the existing normal schools would meet the demand for teachers under the proposed Education act. Mr. Otway informed the House that, as an expres-

sion of the dissatisfaction of her Majesty with the Greek government, the intended visit of the British squadron in the Mediterranean to the Piraus had been countermanded. What other measures the government proposed to take it would be premature

Mr. Monsell denied that the Colonial Office had been informed of the recruiting of the Red River expedition from the Papal Zouaves recently returned

Mr. Hugh Birley, of Marchester, moved for a select committee on the renewal of the commercial treaty with France.

A long discussion ensued. Mr. Lefevre Batta ne had heard no complaints of the treaty, except from the ribbon makers. Tee inquiry proposed was un necessary and would prove mischlevous, becaus e,

implying discontent here with the treaty, it would Mr. Cave, while he disliked an extention of the

system of commercial treaties, was averse to a re-turn to protection,

The debate became general. Among the speakers were Sir A. Bowring, and Messra. Phodon, Crawford, Hibbert and Lowe.

The House divided on Mr. Birley's motion for a select committee, and the majority against it was

Hr. Hughes moved that the public schools be thrown open to dissenters.

After a brief discussion the House adjourned with-

The Cabinet.

LONDON, May 3, 1870.

The Pall Mall Gazette has authority for denying the truth of the report that Mr. Bright has resigned. Manchester Almost Infallible,

MANCHESTER, May 3, 1870.
At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of this city last evening much satisfaction was expressed that the production of cotton is now commensurate

Radicalism.

LONDON, May 3, 1870. The party of Penlans captured at Birkenhead, opposite Liverpool, last week, have been discharged. They were accused of secretly enlisting and drilling but the evidence was insufficient to hold

An Alleged Assassin-Irish Lesson to Disraeli, LONDON, May 3, 1879.
White, who attempted the life of Mr. Buxton, has

Arms were found on his person.

The Dublin *Preeman* denounces Disraeli's novel, Lothair," for its gross immorality. The Turf-Newmarket Spring Meeting Events.

LONDON, May 3, 1870. The Newmarket spring meeting commenced to-

The Princess of Wales' Stakes of 100 sovs, each, for four year old filies, carrying 122 lbs., the second to save his stake, one mile and 1,540 yards, was won by Mr. Bowes' b. f. Tolson d'Or, by Buccancer, out of

Auld Acquaintance, 4 years old.

The Prince of Wales' Stakes (handicap) of 15 sovs. each, with 200 sovs. added, for three year olds and upwards, the second horse to receive 50 sovs. out of the stake and the third to save his stake, 1 mile and 17 yards (48 subscribers), was won by General Peel's br. f. Lady Masham, by Brother to

Strafford, out of Maid of Masham, three years old; Mr. J. C. Stuart's b. c. Brambridge, by Dundee, out of Lucy, four years old, second.

A sweepstakes of 20 sovs. each, for two year old colts, carrying 119 lbs., fillies and geldings 116 lbs., half a mile, was won by Mr. Ellott Bowers' br. f. Garde Mobile, by Janneon, out of Girgenti (French bred); Mr. Payne's b. c. Anonymous, by General Pecl, out of Anonyma, second.

A sweepstakes of 20 sovs. each, 200 added, for year

bred); Mr. Payne's b. c. Anonymous, by General Pecl, out of Anonyma, second.

A sweepstakes of 20 sovs, each, 200 added, for 2 year olds; colts to carry 122 lbs., fillies and geldings 119 lbs.; second horse to receive 50 sovs., third to save his stake; half a mile (36 subscribers), was won by Mr. M. Dawson's c. Tulibardine, by Blair Athol, out of Carlotta, beating T. Jennings' br. c. Dr. Glies, by Cambuscan, out of Grace Darling.

A sweepstakes of fifty sovs. each, for three year olds; colts to carry 122 lbs., fillies 118 lbs.; one mile and 513 yards, was won by Mr. W. Panson's b. f. Pandore, by Normandy out of Caller Ou; beating Lord Falmouth's f. Gertrude, by Saunterer out of Queen Bertha.

Lord Falmouth's f. Gertrude, by Saunterer out of Queen Bertha.

The Spring stakes of fifty sovereigns each, for two year olds, carrying 94 pounds, and three year olds, carrying 122 pounds, fillies allowed 3 pounds, 1,240 yards, was won by Lord Stamford's ch. f. by Parmesan, out of Donna del Largo, two years old; Mr. Naylor's b. c. by Carnival, out of Lelia, three years old, second.

A sweepstakes of ten sovereigns each, 100 added, for two year olds, colts to carry 122 pounds, fillies 119 pounds, half a mile, was won by Captain Machell's b. c. Jack in the Box, by King John, out of Mazurka.

Mazurka.

A sweepstakes for three year olds and upwards, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Mr. T. V. Morgan's ch. f. Tilbit, by Weatherbit out of Theresa, beating Mr. J. Dover's b. c. Satellite, by Wamba out of Staylight geograf.

gan's ch. f. Tilbit, by Weatherbit out of Theresa, beating Mr. J. Dover's b. c. Satellite, by Wamba out of Starlight, second.

A sweepstakes of 300 sovereigns each, for 4 year old coifs, carrying 122 lbs., and fillies 117 lbs., 4 miles, 363 yards, was wen by Lord Stamford's ch. f. Ladoga, by Citadel, out of Donna del Largo.

A handleap p'ate of 50 sovereigns, for 3 year olds and upwards, three-quarters of a mile, was won easily by the Duke of Newcastle's b. f. Stephanotes, by Macaroni, out of Araacaria, 3 years old.

The 2,000 Gmineap Stakes, a subscription of 100 sovereigns each, for three year olds; coits to carry 122 lbs., fillies 114 lbs.; the owner of steom horse to receive 200 sovereigns out of the stakes, the third to receive 200 sovereigns out of the stakes, the third to receive 200 sovereigns out of the stakes, the third to save his stake; one mile seventeen varis (eighty-six subscribers), was won by five lens has by Mr. Merry's b. c. Macgregor, by Macaroni out of Neckace; Lord Stamford's ch. c. Normandy, by Thormandy out of Emily, second; Lord Falmouth's b. c. Kingeraft, by King Tom, out of Woodcraft, third. The betting before the start was two to one against Kingeraft; eight to one against Macgregor.

A handleap sweepstakes of twenty sovereigns

King Tom, out of Woodcraft, third. The betting before the start was two to one against Kingcraft; eight to one against Macgregor.

A handleap sweepstakes of twenty sovereigns cach for three year olds and upwards, 1,240 yards, was won by Tibthorp, Lord Westmoreland's ch. f. Cocoanut, by Nutbourne, out of Miss Vivian, four years old, second; Colonel Parson's br. c. Panoptican, by Newminster, out of Panoply, three years old, third.

The Coffee Room stakes of fifty sovereigns each for three year old colts carrying 122 lbs., and fillies 110 lbs., one mile 513 yards, was won by Lord Falmouth's b. f. Gertrude, by Saunterer, out of Queen Bertha. Mr. Chaplin's b. f. Pandore, by Newminster, out of Cailer On, second.

A plate of 100 sovereigns, for three year olds and npwards, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Sir Joseph Hawley's br. h. Roskcrucian, by Beadsman, out of Madame Eglentine, five years old; Mr. W. Osborne's cn. c. Star and Garter, by Crater, out of Medal, three years old, second; Mr. Figgin's b. f. Bouqueliere, I by Voltigeur, out of Pauline, five years old, third.

SWITZERLAND.

"Keep Moving"-Napoleon's Power in the Republic.

GENEVA, May 3, 1870. Signor Cernuschi, the Italian bankers who was expelled from France for contributing money to the anti-plebiscite committee, has just been ordered to

His offence consisted in contributing a second hundred thousand francs from this city for the same object. Before leaving, however, he received a telegram from M. Gambetia, a radical member of the Corps Legislatti, and an officer of the Anti-Plebiscite Committee in Paris, acknowledging the receipt of the money.

TURKEY.

Cabinet Honor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 3, 1870. Selim Pacha has been appointed Minister without

GREECE.

Hunting the Brigands-Cabinet Changes.

LONDON, May 3, 1870. The troops were still hunting for the survivors of the band of brigands who murdered the foreigners.

A despatch from Athens states that M. Smolensko has been appointed to succeed M. Sontzos as Minis-

CUBA

Execution of a Clergyman-Court Martial at

HAVANA, May 2 1870 Francisco Esquembre, a priest of Yaguaramas, was sentenced to death and executed at Clenfuegos

A court-martial was lately convened at Cardenas for the trial of Estaban Parodi and Jose Mara. Both of these prisoners were sentenced to death. Parodi and Mara were both acquitted some time ago, but were rearrested and again placed on trial. This is the case which caused such a manifestation by the

The Diario announces the discovery of materials for a powder mill at Santiago las Vegas, near

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Death of a Distinguished Prelate-Accumula-

tion of American Silver at Montreal.

MONTREAL, May 3, 1870.

Monseigneur Cook, Bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of the Three Rivers, died on Saturday morning, aged seventy-eight years. He will be succeeded

ing, aged seventy-eight years. He will be succeeded by Mons. La Fleahe, Bishop of Anthedon, now attending the Ecumenical Council at Rome.

The citizens' ball last night to Prince Arthur was a very elaborate affair. His Royal Highness and Lady Young opened the ceremonies.

The amount of American silver received on government account is rapidly approaching the limit of \$3,000,000. Mr. Weir has applied for permission to receive another million.

CENTRAL ASIA

Native Robellion on the Caspian. London, May 3, 1870. Despatches from India report that a rebellion has

broken out among the Khirgish tribes on the shores of the Caspian Ses, against the power of Russia. The important intelligence conveyed in the pithe cable telegram given above reports matter of the nearly of Russis, of

very highest importance to the peoples of Russia, of Asia, at large, of Europe generally, and, indeed, also of America in a commercial point of view. The Khergizh native movement has been going on for some time past with more or less intensity and suc-

Advices received from Moscow, dated in August

Advices received from Moscow, dated in August, 1869, furnish the following facts:—

The rebeilion of the Kirghiz tribes in the great steppe between Orenburg, the Caspian and the Sea of Arat, is a matter of great importance with respect to its effects on the Asiatic trade, and is of much greater dimensions than it has been ordinarily supposed to be by the Russian public. It has, however, not taken the proportions which have been assigned to it by the German newspapers, and the Don Cossacks are in no way engaged in it. These Kirghiz tribes, or more exactly the lesser horde of the Kirghiz Kalzaks, have for many years roved at will in the broad plains between the rivers Ural and Ishm—in the summer being near the Orenburg line, and in the winter further south, in the Ut-Urt, and near the Syr Dafya. They are exclusively a nomadic and pastoral people. Until the last year their reletions to kussia consisted in the payment of a yearly tribute of one and a half roubles for each kibitka or hut, and in an obligation to furnish at a fixed price camels for the army and other government trains which crossed the steppes. Their internal government was entirely in the nands of the sultans or rich aristocratic portion of the tribes, the government appointing three of them as ruling Sultans, under the direction of a governor scattoned at Orenburg, who for the past few years has been General Baltuseck, formerly ambassador in China. Their laws were their own. The aristocracy were content with this arrangement. They adopted some of the refinements of European civilization.

revilization.

Justice was to be administered by judges elected by the Kirghizes themselves, though without the concurrence of the higher aristocracy, on the basis of local customs. The religious legislative power has never existed in the steppe, and the Kirghizes are thus free from any religious induence coming from the Central Asiatic Khanates, The religion is under the direction of the Grand Muffi, living at Ufa; but the Muliahs are chosen by the people, with the approval of the government. The only control exercised over the religion was that no mosque could be constructed without permission.

This project had no faults of any magnitude, and it was expected to have a great success. The contrary result, however, occurred. The Kirghizes were surprised to find that, instead of owning their vast territory, they were a sort of tenants at will; they left the hindrances to their free movements, and had a fear and a horror of the books and papers which were connected with the district and volost governments. The tribute had been raised to three roubles per kibitka—less than what had been exceted by the Sultans, but more than the government had previously claimed. The Sultans were, of course, opposed to the new system, and used all their influence on the people to induce them to revolt. Hence the ireland of Russ.a.

RED RIVER.

The Red River (Country Organized Into the Province of Mamtoba-Extinguish of Indian Land Titles-Dieasures to Restore Order to the New Prevince. OTTAWA. May 3, 1870. In the House of Commons last night Sir John A.

Macdonald introduced a bill for the government of

the Northwest Territory, premising by saying the question had been discussed whether they should call the new acquisition a territory or a province. He remarked that the former term being unknown in the British colonial system than hed devided on the present the state of the colonial system than hed devided on the present term being unknown in the British colonial system, they had decided on the use of the latter, and, availing themselves of the cuphonious latter, and, availing themselves of the cuphonious terms supplied by the Indian language, had decided to call the new province Manitoba, which signifies "The Speaking God." The boundaries of the province would be a point on the United States frontier ninety-six degrees west from Greenwich to ninety-eight degrees and fifteen minutes west, the Southern limit being forty-nine parallel, and the Northern limits fifty degrees and thirty minutes. The new province will contain 11.000 square miles, and will include all the settlements on the banks of the Red and Assimbolso rivers, from the circumference near Fort Garry to the lake above mentioned. The unorganized tract is to be governed by the Lleutenant Governor of Manitoba under a separate commission, and its affairs regulated by orders in council. The Province is to have at present two members in the Senate: when its population amounts to 50,000 three senators, and winen the circumference of the House of Commons. The Leutenant Governor is to have an executive council of seven persons. The local Legislature is to consist of two chambers, a Council and an Assembly, the former to have, in the first instance, seven, to be increased ultimately to twelve members; the latter to have twenty-four members, elected by as many districts, which are to be defined by the Lleutenant Governor, their qualifications to the bominion Parliament, except as residence. The same qualifications will apply to elections to the Dominion Parliament, except as respects the appointment of Lieutenant Yeomaus. The province is to have a privilege of amending its own constitution according to its own judgment and wishes. A subsidy is to be granted at eighty cents per load. terms supplied by the Indian language, had decided wishes. A subsidy is to be granted at eighty cents per head, and the smaller sum of \$390,000 for special purposes Either the French or English language may be used in public proceedings, but all records are to be in both languages. All public lands not specially alloited are to be held to belong to the Dominion of Canada. For the purpose of extingishing the Indian fitle within the province 120,000 acres are to be reserved for the Indians and half-breeds.

Sir John called attention to the fact that the Indian title had never been extinguished by the Hudson Bay Company, where grants had extended only for two fulles on the east side of ked river, with a privilege of catting hay for two miles in the rear of each building. He proposed to invite the sid of only for two fulles on the cast side of ked river, with a privilege of cutting hay for two miles in the rear of each building. He proposed to invite the sid of the local Legislature to settle these rights equitably and to secure all the present holders in peaceable occupancy. Sir John then proceeded to refer to measures of necessity to restore order and secure peace in the new province. The force would consist of one quarter regulars and three-fourths Canadian milital, the expense being divided between the imperial and canadian governments in similar proportions. The regulars would be about 399 in number. As soon as peace and order were established it would be desirable to reduce the force to the smallest possible proportions. The government had been assured that such a force commanded by a British officer would be received windly and gladly by the inhabitants of the Territory. tory.

Hon. Mr. McDougal, Mr. McKenzie and others criticized the leading features in the measure, after which it was introduced and read a first time.

Desputch of Stores for the Red River Expe-TORONTO, May 3, 1870.

The steamer Algoma left Collingwood for Port William with military sstores for the Red River expedition this morning. The first detachment of troops, now organizing for Red River, will be in realiness to start about the middle of the present month.

Compromise Between the Insurgents and the Hudson Bay Company—Insolent Demands of the Indians—A General Sioux War

CHICAGO, May 3, 1870. The following has been received from Fort

Garry:-- Riell has made the following arrangements with the Hudson Bay Company:-The company to acknowledge the provisional govern-ment as the only legal government, except in the Northwest, to advance a loan of £3,000, to the government; to advance goods to the soldiers to the amount of £400, the company to be allowed to reoccupy so much of the fort as is not occupied necessarily for the government headquarters and a garrison of firly men; to resume its mercantile pur-suits under the protection of the provisional govern-ment.

gent,
A party of Sioux Indians had appeared at the fort A party of Sioux Indians had appeared at the fort of the Hudson Bay Company at White Horse Plains and made the most insolent demands, stating that they were going to kill all the Americans in the settlements. Upon being furnished supplies they were tool that if they were going to fight the Americans they would also have to fight the half-breeds. They consented to retire for the present, promising, however, to return and accomplish their threats. A general Stoux war was apprehended and the settlements on the American sude of the line were greatly alarmed, and fears were entertained that the military did not fully realize the imminent danger and would not afford help in the proper season.

KANSAS

The End of a Drinking Bout-Fearful Duel in

the End of a Drinking Bout—Fcarful Duel in the Dark.

St. Louis, May 3, 1876.

A correspondent of the Lawrence, Kansas, Journal. states that a few days since Colonal A. Payne, and M. O. Stapleton, two influential citizens of Monticello, Kansas, quarrelled about some trivial affair, while drinking, and agreed to settle the difficulty in a dark room. Payne had a knife and Stapleton a re-

MONTANA.

Judge Lynch in Helena-Two Robbert Hanged by a Mob.

This morning a meeting of citizens was called to lecide what should be done with the prisoners, A. Lecomptod and James Wilson, who had been identi-fied by Mr. Lenhart, the man they robbed and attempted to murder on the night of the 27th of April. The meeting was first addressed by District Judge Simmes, who strongly protested against any inter-ference with the civil law, declaring that the time

for vigilance committees had passed, and advising the people to disperse.

The meeting was then addressed by several of the leading citizens, who lasisted that it was necessary to the public safety to strike teoror to the rest of the band of outlaws known to exist in the community, and that immediate and decisive action should be taken in the present case.

The meeting tren selected a committee of treaty, four persons, to try the case, and upon coming before the committee the prisoners confessed their orime, from which it appears that the robbesy and murder of Mr. Leuhart was deliberately planned by them.

them.

At two o'clock, P. M., the committe reported that both the prisoners were guilty, and sentenced them to be hanged at half-past four o'clock, P. M. At that hour, over three thousand persons were congregated at the hang-man's tree. At five o'clock, P. M., the wagon on which the prisoners stood with ropes about their necks was driven from under them and "frontier justice" was satisfied. The citizen's meeting was not a vigilant committee. The whole affair was conducted in a most quiet, but determined manner, and no one questions the justice both of the trial and verdict.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Reduction of Canal Tolls-Meeting of the New Council-The Mayor's Message.

The Canal Board, at its session to-day, made the ollowing very important reductions from the rates

following very important reductions from the rates of toll last year:—On salt, 33 3-d per cent; on coal, 50 per cent; on wheat, corn and other grains, 33 3-d per cent; on flour, 50 per cent; on bloom, pig and scrap iron, 75 per cent. Other reductions will be made in the same ratio.

The selections of banks for depositories has not yet been made.

The new Common Council under the new charter met to-day. Mayor Thatcher, in his message, urges the most strict economy and suggests the lopping off of certain offices. He declares his belief that of the \$160,000 claims against the city not \$10,000 can be sunstantiated. The receipts last year were \$1,367,647 and the disbursements \$1,308,109. The city funded debt proper is \$905,551.

The Board after electing Phillip Fizsimmons, President, and Martin Delelanty, Clerk, proceeded to select three official newspapers, and the Argus, Journal and Knekerbocker were selected.

After transarting some other routine business the Board adjourned.

UTAH.

A Deputy Marshal Shot at Salt Lake City-

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, May 2, 1870. Captain W. R. Story, Deputy United States Mar

THE GREAT CAISSON.

Bridge-The Foundations Satisfactorily Laid-A Great Day for Brooklyn. Moving day in Brooklyn was not quite so interest-ing to the citizens of that overgrown village as on previous anniversaries of the cheerful festival, the number of families crossing with their household gods and goods by the New York great event of yesterday, the successful placing in proper position of the caisson which is to form the

great event or yesteroay, the successful placing in proper position of the caisson which is to form the foundation of the Brocklyn piers of the projected bridge between the metropoils and the City of Churches, which took place in the presence of an immense crowd, was an event of so much importance and interest to the people that it amply compensated for the disappointment of the previous day.

The mammoth caisson—a full description of which has aiready appeared in the HERALD—is intended to receive the massive masonry on which is to be built the supporting tower of the East river bridge. It was towed from the foot of Noble street, Greenpoint, on Monday aternoon, by four steamers, to the Brocklyn side of the Fulton ferry in the short space of fifty-five minutes, and was placed in position yesterday, and the usual scenes on such occasions were enacted. The police were exceedingly busy in keeping back the crowd from the favored few who enjoyed immunity from official annoyance. Among the latter were Capitaln John Maginn, the veteran Sandy Hook pilot, who piloted the caisson down the river and who was still in charge; Messrs, William C. Kingsley, superintendent of construction; Colonel W. A. Roebling, engineer:

In child the caisson which is to form the projected to the prevenue and the United Statements submitted showing that the society was in a favored to the amount of \$40,000. The mission covers nine districts—Viz., American, Indian, Brazzli, Western Africa, India, Siam, Leas, Japan, China, the Ohinese in Caifornia and the Jows in this country. It was decided not to change the officers of the mission to change the officers of the mission until the new board shall be appointed and meet for grantzation.

A stated meeting of the members comprising the New York Historical Society was held last evening in the Historical Society was held to the caisson down the river and who was still in charge; Messrs, William C. Kingsley, superintendent of the project of the Hon. Henry C. Aurphy, pressent; J. Stranahan, of the executive comm John H. Prentice, treasurer; C. C. Massistant engineer; Colonel Panie, assistant neer and constructor; D. S. Rule, napecton Bell, of the firm of William H. Webb & Bell; assistant engineer; Colonel Paine, assistant engineer and constructor; D. S. Rule, inspector; Mr. Bell, of the firm of William H. Webb & Bell; T. G. Douglass, master mason, Daniel Hart, hurbor master, and other prominent gentiemen. The appearance of the caleson was the subject of general conversation, and all sorts of speculations were indulged in as to the prospect of an early completion of the great work, the bridge, of which the successful singing of the foundation was the initial step. Although this journal has given its readers an elaborate description of the appearance of the caleson a brief sketch of it now will not be considered inappropriate. The caleson, then, is a gigantic structure of heavy yellow pine timbers, each thirteen inches in diameter. It is flitten feet in depth, los in length, and loz feet in width. The bottom timbers are laid solidly together, but the upper layers lie three inches apart. It is not a solid mass from top to botom. There is a large chamber below, and an engine on the caleson was perpetually at work to force air into the holiow space and expet the water, in order to keep the mass affoat until it should reach its destination. The total weight is 2,800 tons. The structure was covered with iron cabooses, losse timbers, and human beings, and was hauled quiety into place by means of ropes and capstans. The dock built for its reception received it with no come to spare. The ground upon which it rests was five feet below water at low tide in the middle of rebridary. It is now thirteen feet below, and as hen dredged. To render it lose and easy for this process, piles were diven, and into the holes thus made shells were deposited and exploded. Many of the boulders were over ten tons in weight, and were destroyed by explosion, through the means of divers. This work was presecuted at night. The cost of thus clearing the ground has been about \$35,000.

Many of the spectators present were of opinion that a basis of solid rock would be preferable.

means of these clearing the ground has been about \$35,000.

Anny of the spectators present were of opinion that a basis of solid rock would be preferable for the calsson, but rock is to be found only at a depth of ninety-seven feet and the present foundation will be equally firm. At len minutes past ten o'clock the lines were cut off from the tugboats and under the superintendence of the gentlemen in charge the caisson was *afely and sungly placed in its final position without confusion or damage.

The caisson will now be topped with twelve courses of twelve inch Georgia pine, laid on at right angles, in addition to two courses already laid, and the interstices are to be filled in with concrete. The monster will then be sunk upon the bed already prapared for her reception, about twenty feet below high tide, and the water being pumped out, air will be forced in, and a large force of laborers will commence excavating within the caisson, which, in this position, is but a huge chamber. By this process she will be sunk from thirty to fifty feet deeper, after which the construction of masonry will be immediately commenced, and, under the energetic management of Mr. Kingsley and Colonel Roebiling, jand their efficient assistants, the construction of the East river bridge, which may now be termed almost an accomplished fact, will be rapidly pushed to final completion.

SHOT DEAR

On Friday afternoon of last week a little daughter of A. C. Buckley, of Riverhead, L. I., took hold of a pistol, which had been left within her reach by a female attendant, and through curiosity pulled the trigger, discharging one of the cartridges, the ball entering her head just above the eye, killing her instantly. The mother, who was engaged in an adjoining room, rushed to the room where the urchin was confined, but to find her only offspring a corpse. During the day the child said to lis mother, "if I were to die would I go to heaven?" The remains were interred on Sunday.

FIRE AT UNION HILL. N. J.

Yesterday afternoon a fire broke out in the bakery of Charles Covermann, at the corner of Jefferson street and Palisade avenue, Union Hill, and the two story frame building adjoining was burned to the ground, involving a loss of \$5,500, not maured. The fire originated in the oven, where the dry boards became inflamed.

NEW YORK CITY.

Miscellaneous News Items, Picked Up in the Police Courts and About Town.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature of the weather for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, HERALD Building, Broadway, cor-

8A. M. 1869, 1870, 1869, 1870, 8A. M. 46 55 8 P. M. 53 69 6A. M. 46 56 6 P. M. 50 66 6 P. M. 50 66 12 M. 51 67 12 P. M. 45 60 Average temperature yesterday. Average temperature for corresponding date last year. 48%

The Excise Commissioners were in session yeserday morning receiving applications for licenses. Comparatively few licenses were applied for. Yesterday morning the body of a young child, with

a strong cord twisted tightly around its neck, was found floating among the rocks off the Battery wall. The remains of an infant were found in an ash

barrel at 31 Lafayette place, and removed to the Fifteenth precinct station house to await an investi-gation before Coroner Rollins. At a late hour on Monday night Mary Evans, an Irish woman thirty-four years of age, was found lying in Broome street in a dying condition and re-moved to the Eighth precinct station house, where death subsequently ensued.

The Board of Trustees of the Produce Exchange held an election yesterday, when the following offi-cers were chosen:—President, E. M. French; Vice President, Joha S. Williams; Treasurer, Edward Cromweil; Secretary, Stephen W. Cary.

A demand has been made by Mr. Archibald, the British Consul at this port, for the extradition of Thomas H. Johnson, the seaman who killed Edward Bevrus, a shipmate, on board the British ship Morn-ing Light on the 22d of April, while at sea.

avenue line, was arraigned before Justice Shandley at Jefferson Market yesterday morning by Officer Walker, of the Fifteenth precinct, and committed to answer a charge of running over a child three and a half years of age, at the corner of Varick and Charl-ton streets, Monday afternoon, severely injuring it.

The Quarantine Commissioners met vesterday afternoon in their office, No. 155 Broadway. Mr. Wilson S. Hunt, President of the commission, acted as chairman. The principal business transacted was the reading of the new law passed by the Legislature regulating the Quarantine Department. Some remarks were made regarding the condition of the steamer lilnois, and a resolution was passed to petition the War Department to transfer her entirely into the hands of the commissioners. After the reading of some communications the meeting was adjourned.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Industrial Exhibition Company will be held on the 12th inst., at Exhibition Company will be held on the 12th inst., at which officers will be elected and architects and builders invited to send in maps and proposals for the exhibition building to the new directors. The company expect to be prepared to commence their important undertaking before the end of the month. The location of the building has not been decided upon; but it is quite probable that at the forth-oming meeting a strong effort will be made to have it creeted in Brooklyn. The "Stable Gang Club." composed of some of the

prominent citizens of the East Side, met last Monday

night at their headquarters to celebrate the forty

fifth birthday of one of their most prominent mem fifth birthday of one of their most prominent mem-bers, George W. Butts. Among the distin-guished members and guests present were the Hon. William M. Tweel, Judges Shandley and Scott, Tax Commissioner Miller, Michael J. Shandley, Wil-liam Shaw and Charles H. Hall, Mr. Butts was the recipient of several baauting gifts of flowers, &c. After partaking of a splendid collation the club ad-journed. The annual meeting of the Board of Foreign Mis sions of the Presbyterian Church was held

KING'S CLUTTY SUPE V SORS.

Brooklyn's House of Detention-Almshouse Economy—One Fiftcenth is "Good Deal."
The Board of Supervisors met yesterday afternoon. A communication was received from Sheriff Walter commending that some apartments in the upper part of the jail be fitted as a "house of getention" for the accommodation of witnesses held in criminal

casee. Referred to the Committee on Julis. A number of the residents of Flatbush called the attention of the Board to the fact that a stagnaut pond, at the terminus of the sewer on the Country

pond, at the terminus of the sewer on the Country Farm, was in an overflowing condition and a missance, and suggested that a sewer be constructed to tidewater mark. The matter was referred to a committee of three.

Supervisor Cooke, of the committee, to whom was referred the guestion, as to the propriety of directing the County Treasurer to both row Pec sum of \$300,000 on the faith of the country, for the purpose of completing the work on the new almshouse at Flatbush submitted a lengthy report. The practice of committees having work done without first being authorized by the Board of Supervisors was severely deprecated.

A resolution, was attached to the entering the contraction of the country was attached. cated.

A resolution was attached to the report to the effect that the County Treasurer be directed to horrow the sum of \$22,099, giving certificates on the county for the same, for the purpose of completing the work in question.

the work in question.

Supervisor Cassiny, of the Ninth ward, moved, as an amendment, that the County Treasurer be directed to borrow \$28,000, on the faith of the county. Adopted.

Hannah and Ellen Sweeney, two orphan sisters, aged respectively eighteen and nineteen, were taken from a low den at 130 Greene street, on Monday night, by detective Glynn, of the Eighth precinct, night, by detective Glynn, of the Eighth precinct, upon complaint of their aunt, Bridget Morris, a resident of Newark, N. J. They were arraigned before Justice Shandley, at Jefferson Market, yesterday morning, and committed to the House of the Good Shepherd. Maggie Rooney, aged nineteen, of No. 432 West Twenty-sixth street, was also taken from the Olympic Shades, No. 165 Greene street, by officer Henderson, of the same precinct, upon complaint of her parents. Yesterday morning, upon being arraigned at the above court, she consented to accompany her parents home, and was discharged from custody.

esterday of consumption.

Thomas Driscoll, of Providence, R. I., took sixty grains of strephnine on Saturday, and died in a few minutes.

Thirty acres of wood land on the Fishkill Mountains, N. Y., are burning and the line at night filuminates the surrounding

country.

Daniel Powers, a gambler, was shot and killed in a house of ill-fame in Louisville, Ky., by John H. Morton, a youth of niseteen years, son of a prominent banker.

The municipal election in Virginia, Nev., yesterday resulted in the auccess of the entire republican ticket. Eares, republican, for Mayor, received 570 votes, and Bird, cotorod, 218 votes.

republican, for Mayor, received 570 votes, and Bird, cotored, 185 votes.

Mr. Heuzell's, of Pennsylvania, has discovered a process by which all grades of sicel and iron can be so weided to gother at one heat that the weld cannot be upset even under the severest tests.

Yesterday afternoon a frame building near the corner of Ritzabeth and Randolph streets, Chicago, fell to the ground, fen men were at work on the structure, of whom four were severely, though it is hoped not fatally lajured.

Mr. Selwyn, of Boston, publishes a denial that he has withdrawn from the management of Selwyn's Theatre, and states that his contracts and arrangments constitute him partner and manager for a term of years not yet expired.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad at Cincinnati yesteriay, the following persons were elected directors:—8. Hommes of in Young, John W. Ellis, William Goodman, George J. Slechman, Lowolf Fletcher, H. D. Huntington, Samuel Foedick ase Daniel McLarces.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London McNey Marrhy—London, May 3—4:29
P. M.—Consois closed at 94 for both money and the account. American securities closed quiet; United States five-twenty bunds, 1862, 83%; 1865, oid, 83%; 1867, 89%; ten-forties, 85%; Stocks quiet and steeay; Erle Railway shares, 1%; Illinois Centrals, 112; Adaptic and Great Western, 27%.

PARIS BOURSE—PARIS, May 3.—The Bourse closed quiet. Rentes, 74f. 27c.
FRANKPORT HOURSE—FRANKFORT, May 3.—United States bonds opened quiet and unchanged.

TRADE IN MANCRESTER.—LIV NEVOLE, May 3.—The advices from Mancrester are less favorable.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVR., May 3.—Coulon closed irregular; quotations nomina Liverpool. Corrox Market.—Li Terpool., May 3.—4:39 P. M.—The cotton market closed quiet and steady. Middling uplands, 10%d.; midd, un Orleans, 11%d. a 11%d. The sales of the day nave Neen 10,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for export and speculation.

Liverpool. Begansguess Market and States and

bales, including 3,000 cales for export all speculation.

Liverpool Breadstupps Market.—Liverpool, May 2.—4:30 P. M.—Wheat, 28. 7d, per cental for California white, 8s. 2d, for No. 2 red Western 34. 8s. 10d, a 8s. 11d. for red. winter. The receipts of wheat for thr past three days have been 21,000 quarters, all of which were American. Corn. 22s. per quarter for European. Peas firm.

Liverpool. Provision Market.—Liverpool. May 3.—4.30 P. M.—Chease, 78s. per cwt. for the bost grades of American fine. American fine beel, 11ia. per tierce of 304 obs. for Eastern prime mess.

London Produce Market.—London. May 3.—Sugar easter at 32s. 6d. per cwt. for No. 12 Dutch standard, on the spot, and duit and unchanged affoat. Calcutta hissed firm. Lineed oil easter at 231 lts. a £32 per ton.

Perrolleum Market.—Antwerp, May 3.—Petroleum closed firm but quiet at 5314 francs for standard white.

HAVANA MARKETS.

HAVANA, May 3, 1870. The sugar market is quiet; sales were made to-day on the basis of 8% a 8% reals per arrobe for No. 12 D. S. exchauge, on London 14 a 14% per cents premium; on Paris 1% per cent. premium, on United States, 60 days' sight, in cureency 9% a 10 per cent discouni.

SINGULAR FERRY INCIDENT.

Considerable excitement was caused among the passengers on the arrival of the five o'clock boat at he Hamilton avenue ferry slip attendant upon a comewhat singular accident. A horse attached to a business wagon, becoming alarmed as the beat was entering the slip, backet over the boat was cutering the slip, backed over the stern of the vessel into the water, bearing with it the wagon and driver. The latter was rea-ched, after much difficulty, by officer Smith and the ferry hands. The horse kicked and plunged so des-perately that he broke loose from his traces and swam across the channel to Governor's Island, where he landed in good season, much to the aston-ishment of the inhabitants of that military post.

" POOR JACK."

An Unknown Sallor Run Down. An inquest was held at Mount Vernon, West's chester county, yesterday, by Justice Meeks, on the emains of an unknown man found dead on the New Haven Railroad, near the above village, a night or Haven Railroad, near the above village, a night or two age. The body when discovered bore evident marks of having been struck by a locomotive, and a verdict was rendered accordingly. Deceased was about forty-live years old, five feet, eight inohes high, and, from his appearance and dress, left no room to doubt that he was a sador. Nothing was found on the body which could afford a clew to its identity, and the unknown martner received deceat burial at the hands of the town authorities.

KILLED BY A FALLING BRIDGE. Coroner Keenan yesterday held an inquest in his

office in the case of Michael Scheer, the man who was killed during the storm last Thursday evening first street, North river, belonging to the Hud-son River Railroad Company. Deceased was son River Railroad Company, Deceased was a carpenter and had assisted in constructing the bridge, which he and others considered perfectly safe. From the evidence presented the jury considered the occurrence accidental, and rendered a verdict to that effect. Deceased was twenty-ught years of age and a native of Germany. He lived at 342 West Forty-Jourth street, where he left a could be under the left and the left and

A.—Discontinued—The Use of the Dirty, hair staining preparations, since the introduction of PHALONS VITALIA, OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, With marvellous previation it produces the exact shade of color desired and is literally transparent and undefiling.

A .- For a Stylish and Elegant Hat Go. 46 ESPENSCHIED, Manufacturer, US Nassau street. A Good All Wool Business Suit, \$14, at BEOKAW BROTTERS, Fourth avenue, opposite Co

A .- For Restering the Original Color of the HAIR, DISPERSING DANDRUFF AND CLEANSING THR SCALP, RESTORFE AMERICA IS WITHOUT AN EQUAL. A.—Morring's Patent CHAMPION SAFES, 261 Brosdway, corner Murray street.

A.-88,590 Rent-No More.-Rushton's Drug Store has removed from Astor House after 32 years, to Il Barelay street. Prices one-third below Erondway prices.

Send your orders direct to me. The "NEW YORE" SHIRT is not sold in the stores; all offered for sale are counterfeits, and not my make. No goods are genuine unless my autograph is on the shirt and written signature is on the box autograph is on the shirt and written signature is on the box. LEONARD S. BALLIOU, Agent. Inventor of the (Celebrated "P. Y. S." and the "New Yoke" Shirt.

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Chains, fine gold Earrings and Pins, Bracelets, Lockets,
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world. The only perfect dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous. Factory 16 Bond street.

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Missisquoi Spring Water Cures Bright's Dis-case of the Kidneys, Scrofula and all impurities of the blood. See pumphiel. Pure Gold Wedding Rings for asle by OEORGE C. ALLEN, Manufacturer, wholesale and retail, 513 Broadway, under the St. Nicholas Hotel, for-merly 415 Broadway.

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